

15.1. Past Tense. Setze in die Vergangenheit.

(Die folgenden Verben sind alles regelmäßige Verben, das heißt, die Präteritum-Form wird durch Anfügen von –ed gebildet - spazieren: walk; spazierte: walked – Im Past hat es in der 3. Person Einzahl kein –s)

When it*started*..... (to start) to rain,
people (to open) their umbrella.
Last night she (to return) home late.
I(to visit) my uncle in the country.
George (to show) me his new computer.
The children (to laugh) at the clown.
We (to walk) slowly through the park.
Peter (to climb) up the tree in our garden.
She (to live) at 20 West Street.
Yesterday night, we (to watch) a good film on TV.
The taxi (to stop – *p verdoppeln*) in front of the railway station.
The helicopter (to land) near the football stadium.
Lindbergh (to cross) the Atlantic ocean in a non-stop flight.

**15.2. Simple Present (einfaches Präsens, bei allgemeinen Feststellungen) oder Present Continuous (ing-Form, wenn etwas jetzt gerade geschieht)?**

Look. The train from Oxford ... *is arriving*..... (to arrive)
It always*arrives*..... (to arrive) on platform three.
But today it(to arrive) on platform five.
On Saturdays John (not to go) to school.
Today he (to go) to the cinema.
Listen. The dog (to bark).
Our dog always (to bark) when somebody comes.
Where is Tom? - He (to play) football in the garden.
You don't need to open your umbrella. It (not to rain) for the moment.
Look at him. He (to sleep) at his desk.
It's Mary's birthday. A big cake (to wait) for her.
My sister (to like) love stories.
Look out of the window! The sun (not to shine) any more. It
..... (to snow) again.