THE OLD MAN

11 HEMINGWAY

Ernest Hemingway

Hemingway was an American writer of novels and short stories. He had an adventurous life. He died in 1961.

Much of Ernest Hemingway's writing is based on his own adventurous life. He drove an ambulance in World War I and was a war correspondent in World War II and in the Spanish Civil War. He went hunting to Africa, was a deep-sea fisherman, and loved bullfighting. He was a hard drinker, a fighter, and was married four times.



His books reflect his life and interests. His first success was "A Farewell to Arms" in 1929. It was about his experiences in Italy in World War I. "Death in the Afternoon" came out in 1932. It was a study of bullfighting. "For Whom the Bell Tolls" tells of an episode of

the Spanish Civil War. "The Old Man and the Sea" is about an old fisherman trying to catch a huge fish.

Hemingway's writing skills were rewarded with the Pulitzer Prize in 1953 and the Nobel Prize in 1954. Despite his success, Hemingway became depressed by his drinking problem and his failing health and shot himself in 1961.

novel: Roman success: Erfolg farewell: Adieu arms: Waffen

experience: Erfahrung skill: Geschick civil war: Bürgerkrieg huge: riesig

reward: auszeichnen

despite: trotz

fail: versagen, nachlassen health: Gesundheit

Streiche, was nicht in die Reihe passt:

Ernest Hemingway	William Faulkner	Bernhard Shaw	George W. Bush	Mark Twain
gun	rifle	knife	spear	kiss
novel	reward	story	poem	letter
petrol	whiskey	gin	brandy	vodka
lion	tiger	hippo	elephant	rabbit
bullfight	farewell	good bye	see you	bye bye
depressed	sad	unhappy	miserable	huge
The Sun Also Rises	A Farewell to Arms	The Last of the Mohicans	The Old Man and the Sea	The Snows of Kilimanjaro

Translate:

Er hatte ein abenteuerliches Leben.
Er schrieb einige Kurzgeschichten.
Er schrieb auch einige berühmte Romane.
Sie sind verheiratet.
Dieses Buch war sein erster Erfolg.
Trotz seines Erfolgs ist er unglücklich.
Der Erste Weltkrieg endete 1918.
Der Spanische Bürgerkrieg begann 1936.